Patient Access to Medical Records Policy and Request Form

Document Control

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B. Document Details

Classification:	PATIENT ACCESS
Author and Role:	PARTNERS
Organisation:	Queslett Medical Centre
Document Reference:	IQ MEDICAL
Current Version Number:	1.1
Current Document Approved By:	PARTNERS
Date Approved:	01/12/2014

C. Document Revision and Approval History

Version	Date	Version Created By:	Version Approved By:	Comments
1.0	08/08/2014	Practice Manager	Partners	
1.1	01/12/2014	Practice Manager	Partners	
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Introduction

The law states that NHS organisations must, when requested by an individual, give that person access to their personal health information, and occasionally, certain relevant information pertaining to others. In order to do this, they must have procedures in-place that allow for easy retrieval and assimilation of this information.

There are three main areas of legislation that allow the right of the individual to request such personal information, and they are:

- The Data Protection Act 1998
- The Access to Health Records Act 1990
- The Medical Reports Act 1988

Where the request for information by an individual falls under the legislation of any of these areas, access must be granted. Patients requesting information about their own personal medical records would usually have their request dealt with under the provisions of the Data Protection Act 1998.

What Constitutes a Health Record?

A health record could include, and not exhaustively, hand-written clinical notes, letters between clinicians, lab reports, radiographs and imaging, videos, tape-recordings, photographs and monitoring printouts. Records can be held in both manual or computerised medias.

Patient Access to Medical Records Policy

The Data Protection Act 1998

This scope of this Act includes the right of patients to request information on their own medical records. Requests for information under this Act must:

- Be in writing to the data controller Practice Manager at Queslett Medical Centre. (E-mail requests are allowed. Verbal requests can be accepted where the individual is unable to put the request in writing – this must be noted on the patient record);
- Be accompanied with sufficient proof of identity to satisfy the data controller and to enable them to locate the correct information (where requests are made on behalf of another, the data controller must satisfy themselves that correct and adequate consent has been given);
- Be accompanied with the correct fee where applicable (see below for guidance on fees);

The data controller should check whether all the individual's health record information is required or just certain aspects.

Where an information request has been previously fulfilled, the data controller does not have to honour the same request again unless a reasonable time-period has elapsed. It is up to the data controller to ascertain what constitutes as reasonable.

Requests for health records information should be recorded internally and fulfilled within 21 days (unless under exceptional circumstances – the applicant must be informed where a longer period is required). Information given should be in a manner that is intelligible to the individual.

Access Request Fees

<u>Viewing Records Only</u> – Free if the records have been updated within the last days. Otherwise, a maximum of £10.

Obtaining Copies of Health Records

- ➤ If held on computer maximum £10;
- If held in another media maximum £50;
- If held on a combination of computer and other media maximum £50.

Which clinician should be consulted for information?

The correct clinician to be consulted about an individual's information should be:

- The clinician who is currently, or was most recently, responsible for the clinical care of the individual in connection with the information which is the subject of the request; or
- where there is more than one such clinician, the one who is the most suitable to advise on the information which is the subject of the request.

Denial or Limitation of Information

The data controller may deny or limit the scope of information given where it may fall under any of the following:

- The information released may cause serious harm to the physical or mental health or condition of the individual or any other person, or
- The disclosure would also reveal information relating to or provided by a third person who has not consented to that disclosure unless:
 - The third party is a clinician who has compiled or contributed to the health records or who has been involved in the care of the individual;
 - The third party, who is not a clinician, gives their consent to the disclosure of that information;
 - > It is reasonable to disclose the information without that third party's consent.

A reason for denial of information does not have to be given to the individual, but must be recorded.

Former NHS Patients Living Outside the UK

Patients no longer resident in the UK still have the same rights to access their information as those who still reside here, and must make their request for information in the same manner.

Original health records should not be given to an individual to take abroad with them, however, the Practice may be prepared to provide a summary of the treatment given whilst resident in the UK.

Parental Requests for Information pertaining to their Children

Parents will normally have responsibility for accessing the health records of their children, however, care must be taken to obtain consent of the child where necessary (16 and 17 year olds are seen as adults in relation to confidentiality, and their consent would be necessary). It is important to be aware that children under 16 who have capacity and understanding for decision-making should also have their confidence respected, however, they should be encouraged to involve parents and guardians in their healthcare matters.

Complaints

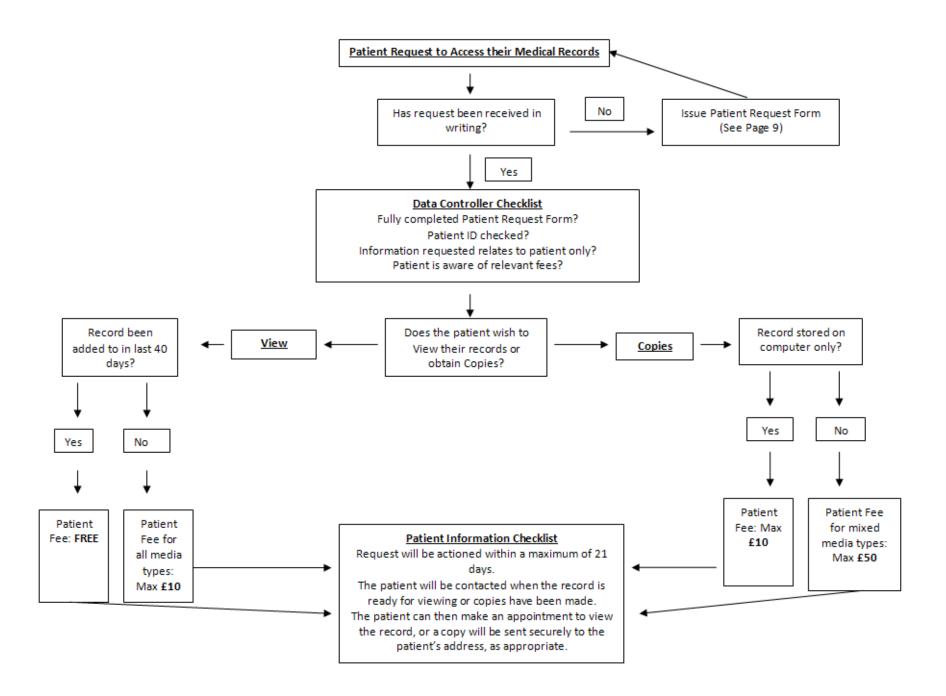
Queslett Medical Centre has procedures in place to enable complaints about access to health records requests to be addressed.

The following channels are used to field any complaints regarding the access of health records at the Practice:

- Firstly, the clinician involved should arrange to have an informal meeting with the individual to try to resolve the complaint locally;
- If the issue remains unresolved, the patient should be informed that they have a right to make
 a complaint through the NHS complaints procedure (further information is available at:
 http://www.nhs.uk/NHSEngland/thenhs/records/healthrecords/Pages/what to do.aspx

Sometimes the patient may not wish to make a complaint through the NHS Complaints Procedure and instead, take their complaint direct to the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) if they believe the Practice is not complying with their request in accordance with the Data Protection Act.

Alternatively, the patient may wish to seek legal independent advice.



Patient Access to Medical Records - Information Leaflet

Access to Health Records under the Data Protection Act 1998

The Data Protection Act 1998 gives every living person, or an authorised representative, the right to apply for access to their health records.

A request for your medical health records held at Queslett Medical Centre should be made in writing (e-mails also accepted) to the data controller who is Practice Manager (please contact the Practice for alternative methods of obtaining access if you are unable to make a request in writing).

Under the Data Protection Act 1998 (Fees and Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2000, you may be charged a fee to view your health records or to be provided with a copy of them. The maximum permitted charges are set out in the tables below:

To provide you with a copy of your health record the costs are:

Health records held totally on computer: up to a maximum of £10.

Health records held in-part on computer and in-part manually: up to a maximum of £50

Health records held totally manually: up to a maximum of £50

To allow you to view your health record (where no copy is required) the costs are:

Health records held totally on computer: up to a maximum of £10.

Health records held in-part on computer and in-part manually: a maximum of £10.

Health records held manually: up to a maximum of £10 unless the records have been added to in the last 40 days in which case viewing should be free.

All the above maximum charges include postage and packaging costs.

The data controller is not obliged to comply with your access request unless they have sufficient information to identify you and to locate the information held about you.

Once the data controller has all the required information, and fee where relevant, your request should be fulfilled within 21 days (in exceptional circumstances where it is not possible to comply within this period you will be informed of the delay and given a timescale for when your request is likely to be met).

In some circumstances, the Act permits the data controller to withhold information held in your health record. These rare cases are:

- Where it has been judged that supplying you with the information is likely to cause serious harm to the physical or mental health or condition of you, or any other person, or;
- Where providing you with access would disclose information relating to or provided by a third
 person who had not consented to the disclosure, this exemption does not apply where that
 third person is a clinician involved in your care.

When making your request for access, it would be helpful if you could provide details of the timeperiods and aspects of your health record you require (this is optional, but it may help save Practice time and resources and reduce the cost of your access request). If you are using an authorised representative, you need to be aware that in doing so they may gain access to all health records concerning you, which may not all be relevant. If this is a concern, you should inform your representative of what information you wish them to specifically request when they are applying for access.

If you have any complaints about any aspect of your application to obtain access to your health records, you should first discuss this with the clinician concerned. If this proves unsuccessful, you can make a complaint through the NHS Complaints Procedure by contacting the Practice formally.

Further information about the NHS Complaints Procedure is available on the NHS Choices website at: http://www.nhs.uk/choiceinthenhs/rightsandpledges/complaints/pages/nhscomplaints.aspx

Alternatively you can contact the Information Commissioners Office (responsible for governing Data Protection compliance). Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire SK9 5AF.

Tel 0303 123 1113 or 01625 545 745 or www.ico.gov.uk/

Patient Access to Medical Records - Request Form

Access to Health Records under the Data Protection Act 1998 (Subject Access Request)

<u>Patient's authority consent form for release of health records (Manual or Computerised Health Records)</u>

To:		
Queslett Medical Centre (M91642)		
522 Queslett Road		
Great Barr		
Birmingham		
B43 7DY		
Tel: 0121 360 8560		
Fax: 0121 360 6833		
Email: clinicalinfo.M91642@nhs.net		
	-	
Identity of individual about whom information	is requested	
Full Name	Former name(s)	
Current address	Former address (with dates of change)	
Current address	Former address (with dates of change)	
Date of birth	NHS number (if known)	
Contact phone number (including area code)	E-mail address: (optional)	
What is being applied for (tick as applicable). In	n doing so you understand you may have t	o pay a
fee for access or copies of your records.	, ,	
I am applying for access to view my health recor	rds	
I am applying for copies of my health record		

Please use the space on the following page to document this information: Dates and types of records: Please tick the appropriate box identifying whether you or a representative on your behalf is applying for access. I am applying to access my health records I have instructed my authorised representative to apply on my behalf If you are the patient's representative please give details here: Name and address of representative Contact number and E-mail Signature Signature of applicant Print name..... Date..... (Office use only) Date of application received Received by Signed: Date:

You do not have to give a reason for applying for access to your health records. However, to help the Practice save time and resources, it would be helpful if you could provide details below, informing us of periods and elements of your health records you require, along with details which you may feel have relevance i.e. consultant name, location, written diagnosis and reports etc.

Patient Consent Form for another person to access their medical records

Patient's Details (The property where property and the size of th				
(The person whose re	ecords another individual(s) is to be given access to)			
Surname				
First Names				
Date of Birth				
Male / Female				
Address				
Tel No.				
Details of person to b	pe given access to this Patient's information			
Full Name				
Address				
·	son is to be given access then please list the above details for each a separate sheet of paper)			
	f the above access is to be limited in any way (e.g. only for test results, or neelling appointments, or for a specified time period only)			
I confirm that I give permission for the Practice to communicate with the person identified above in regards to my medical records.				
Signature				
Date				

Consent for children under 16 (Gillick Competence)

Everyone aged 16 or more is presumed to be competent to give consent for themselves, unless the opposite is demonstrated.

If a child under the age of 16 has "sufficient understanding and intelligence to enable him/her to understand fully what is proposed" (known as Gillick Competence), then s/he will be competent to give consent for him/herself.

Young people aged 16 and 17, and legally 'competent' younger children, may therefore sign this Consent Form for themselves, but may wish a parent to countersign as well.

If the child is not able to give consent for him/herself, someone with parental responsibility should do so on his/her behalf by signing this Form below.

I am the Patient / Parent / Guardian (delete as necessary).
Signature:
Full Name:
Address (if not the same as patient):